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INTRODUCTION

This is the eighteenth Consolidated Community Benefit Plan prepared by Kaiser Foundation Hospitals (KFH), a California nonprofit public benefit corporation, and submitted to the Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development (OSHPD) in compliance with Senate Bill (SB) 697, Chapter 812, Statutes of 1994, Health and Safety Code Section 127340 et seq. The Consolidated Community Benefit Plan 2014 includes a hospital-specific Community Benefit Plan for each of the 35 hospitals owned and operated by KFH in California.

DEVELOPMENT OF A CONSOLIDATED COMMUNITY BENEFIT PLAN

Throughout 2013, the 35 hospitals undertook activities and projects to address selected priority needs identified in 2010 in their respective communities. This report documents the results of these efforts. The process of producing the KFH Consolidated Community Benefit Plan 2014 includes the following activities:

- Development and distribution of internal guidelines for preparation of KFH Community Benefit year-end reports and updates that incorporate SB 697 requirements and OSHPD guidelines
- Preparation of individual KFH Community Benefit plans and year-end reports by local staff responsible for planning, implementing, and evaluating Community Benefit activities, programs, and services
- Review of 2013 year-end results by Northern and Southern California Regional Community Benefit Departments, and National Community Benefit, which included verification of total benefits, such as cash contributions, and donated equipment and supplies
- Update of hospital facts, metrics, and service area maps based on data obtained from various Kaiser Permanente departments such as Planning and Analysis, Human Resources, Management Information and Analysis, and others
- Allocation and reporting of the economic value of Community Benefit provided by each hospital, based on the SB 697 reporting categories (Table 2 in each hospital chapter)
- Preparation of consolidated information and description of key Community Benefit programs, services, and activities for Kaiser Foundation Hospitals in California, based on the SB 697 reporting categories

The Consolidated Community Benefit Plan 2014 was produced by Northern California Region Community Benefit and Southern California Region Community Benefit. However, preparation of this report would not have been possible without the valuable assistance of local Community Benefit and Public Affairs staff throughout California.

CONTENTS OF THE COMMUNITY BENEFIT PLAN

CHAPTER I: HISTORY AND ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE OF KAISER PERMANENTE
- History of Kaiser Permanente and a description of its organizational structure at the regional and national level

CHAPTER II: MISSION STATEMENT AND COMMITMENT TO THE COMMUNITY
- Mission statement of KFH and Kaiser Foundation Health Plan, Inc. (KFHP), and information on Kaiser Permanente’s commitment to the communities it serves

CHAPTER III: COMMUNITY BENEFIT PROVIDED IN 2013
- Statewide and individual hospital Community Benefit provided by KFH in 2013, including descriptions of related activities and programs, as well as financial information based on the SB 697 reporting categories (Tables A and B).

- The introduction includes a brief overview of what is contained in the year-end reports and plan updates.
- There is a section for each of the 35 hospitals, in alphabetical order.
- Each hospital section includes general hospital facts, a service area map, a list of cities and communities served, a summary of selected demographic and socioeconomic statistics about the area served, a list of the hospital’s leadership, a brief overview of the 2010 Community Health Needs Assessment (CHNA) process and 2011–2013 Community Benefit Plan, and 2013 year-end results.
- Each hospital section contains two tables. One provides metrics for some programs in the Community Benefit portfolio (Table 1) and the other enumerates the total Community Benefit provided in 2013 (Table 2).
CHAPTER I: HISTORY AND ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE OF KAISER PERMANENTE

HISTORY AND ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE OF KAISER PERMANENTE

Kaiser Permanente is an integrated health care delivery system. For nearly 70 years, Kaiser Permanente has been dedicated to providing high-quality, affordable health care services and to improving the health of our members and the communities we serve. Today we serve approximately 9.1 million members in eight states and the District of Columbia. Kaiser Permanente is dedicated to improving the health of our communities through broad coverage, high-quality care and continuous quality improvement and innovation in the care we deliver, clinical research, workforce development, health education, and the support of community health interventions.

Kaiser Permanente started in 1933 as a prepaid program to finance and provide health care services to workers on a remote construction project in the Southern California desert. It later expanded to include coverage for workers and their families during construction of the Grand Coulee Dam in Washington State. During World War II, Kaiser Permanente provided health care services to employees at Kaiser shipyards and steelmaking facilities, who were union members primarily, and to their families.

An innovative Labor Management Partnership (LMP) among Kaiser Permanente workers, managers, and physicians honors the early cooperative spirit between the company and its union employees. The LMP is the largest and most comprehensive partnership of its kind, covering nearly 100,000 union-represented employees and their managers and yielding superior health care results in a high-performance workplace.

Kaiser Permanente has been actively involved in the community for decades. Since its beginning, Kaiser Permanente’s philosophy has reflected the belief that effective preventive health care does not begin and end with an individual’s well-being, but includes promoting and supporting healthy, stable communities.

Kaiser Permanente is organized in each operating region by three separate but closely cooperating entities: comprised of KFH and KFHP (nonprofit public benefit corporations and exempt organizations under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code), and a separate Permanente Medical Group (PMG) in each region in which Kaiser Permanente operates. These entities share responsibility for organizing, financing, and delivering quality, prepaid health care to members and the community at large.

NATIONAL STRUCTURE

KFHP and KFH (collectively KFHP/H) are governed by a 14-member Board of Directors; individuals from academia and private industry who are representative of the community. Bernard J. Tyson is Chief Executive Officer and Chairman for both organizations. Corporate headquarters for Kaiser Permanente is in Oakland, California.

KFH accepts responsibility to provide or arrange necessary hospital services and facilities for members. Staff privileges are available on a nondiscriminatory basis to physicians in the communities served. KFH also contracts with other community hospitals to provide hospital services to members for specialized care and other services.

REGIONAL STRUCTURE IN CALIFORNIA

In California, KFHP and KFH divide their operations into two separate regions, Northern California Region (NCR), headquartered in Oakland and Southern California Region (SCR) in Pasadena, each with its own president.

Four separate legal entities are responsible for managing the integrated health care system in California: KFHP; KFH; The Permanente Medical Group, Inc. (TPMG), which contracts with KFHP in Northern California; and Southern California Permanente Medical Group (SCPMG), which contracts with KFHP in Southern California. Kaiser Permanente also provides
medical services to members in one non-hospital service area, Kern County, where SCPMG physicians provide primary and specialty care for members, and KFH contracts for hospital services.

The 2014 KFHP/H leadership team in Northern California includes Gregory Adams, President; Janet Liang, Chief Operating Officer; Wade Overgaard, Senior Vice President, California Health Plan Operations; Debby Cunningham, Senior Vice President, Strategy and Business Development; Michael Rowe, Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer; Cesar Villalpando, Senior Vice President and Chief Administrative Officer, Interim Senior Vice President, Hospital and Health Plan Area Operations; Ed Glavis, Interim Senior Vice President, Hospital and Health Plan Area Operations; Gay Westfall, Senior Vice President, Human Resources; Yvette Radford, Vice President, External and Community Affairs; Nancy Cartwright, Vice President, Communications; Sandra Golze, Vice President and Regional Counsel; Barbara Crawford, Vice President, Quality and Regulatory Services; Kevin Hart, Vice President, Business Information Officer and KP HealthConnect; Jason Hall, Vice President, Compliance and Privacy; and Ann Orders, Executive Director, Health Care Reform and Continuum of Care.

The 2014 KFHP/H leadership team in Southern California includes Benjamin Chu, MD, President; William Caswell, Senior Vice President, Operations; Jerry McCall, Senior Vice President, Operations; George Di Salvo, Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer; Patti Harvey, Senior Vice President, Quality and Risk Management, Patient Care Services, and Clinical Operations Support; John Yamamoto, Vice President and Assistant General Counsel, National Legal Counsel; Dennis Scott, Vice President, Compliance and Privacy; Jodie Lesh, Senior Vice President, Strategic Planning and New Ventures; Arlene Peasnall, Senior Vice President, Human Resources; Diana Halper, Vice President Integrated Brand Communications; Wade Overgaard, Senior Vice President, California Health Plan Operations; Jerry Spicer, Vice President, Patient Care Services; David Kvancz, Vice President, National Pharmacy Programs and Services; and James Crawford, Vice President, Business Information Officer.

TPMG and SCPMG are responsible for the care of KFHP members and for physician recruitment, selection, and staffing. Robert Pearl, MD, is medical director and executive director of the board for TPMG. Jeffrey Weisz, MD, is executive medical director and chairman of the board for SCPMG.

Kaiser Foundation Hospitals in California

KFH owns and operates 35 hospitals (including six licensed hospitals with multiple campuses) in California: 21 community hospitals in Northern California and 14 in Southern California, all accredited by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations (JCAHO).

KFH hospitals are located in Anaheim, Antioch, Baldwin Park, Downey, Fontana, Fremont, Fresno, Hayward, Irvine, Los Angeles, Manteca, Modesto, Moreno Valley, Oakland, Ontario, Panorama City, Redwood City, Richmond, Riverside, Roseville, Sacramento, San Diego, San Francisco, San Jose, San Rafael, Santa Clara, Santa Rosa, South Bay, South Sacramento, South San Francisco, Vacaville, Vallejo, Walnut Creek, West Los Angeles, and Woodland Hills.

Medical Office Buildings

In California, KFHP/H owns and leases 442 medical offices where members receive outpatient health care. Each Kaiser Permanente medical office building is affiliated with a KFH medical center.
CHAPTER II: MISSION STATEMENT AND COMMITMENT TO THE COMMUNITY

MISSION STATEMENT

Kaiser Permanente’s mission statement reflects both business objectives and a longstanding philosophy of social responsibility.

*Kaiser Permanente exists to provide high-quality, affordable health care services and to improve the health of our members and the communities we serve.*

In compliance with SB 697 legislation passed in 1994, the KFHP/H Board of Directors met on March 7, 1995, and reaffirmed that:

KFH is a nonprofit public benefit corporation not organized for the private gain of any person and that, as set forth in its Articles of Incorporation and Bylaws, its principal purpose is to provide hospital, medical and surgical care, including emergency services, extended care and home health care, for members of the public, without regard to age, sex, race, religion or national origin or for the individual’s ability to pay. The corporation’s related purposes are to educate and train medical students, physicians and other health care professionals, and students in the healing arts; to conduct, promote and encourage educational and scientific research in medicine and related sciences, and medical and nursing education; and to support such other charitable, scientific, educational and hospital endeavors as the corporation may deem advisable and as are consistent with this corporation’s tax-exempt nonprofit status. The corporation also makes available professional staff privileges to practitioners in the community.

NATIONAL COMMITMENT TO COMMUNITY BENEFIT

Community Benefit is central to Kaiser Permanente’s mission. We believe good health is a fundamental aspiration of all people. We recognize that promotion of good health extends beyond the doctor’s office and the hospital. Like our approach to medicine, our work in the community takes a prevention-focused, evidence-based approach. To be healthy, people need access to healthy and nutritious food in their neighborhood stores, clean air, successful schools, and safe parks and playgrounds. Good health for the entire community also requires a focus on equity as well as social and economic well-being.

We focus our work on three broad areas:

- Providing access to high-quality care for low-income, underserved people
- Creating safe, healthy communities and environments where people live, work, and play
- Developing important new medical knowledge and sharing it widely with others and training a culturally competent health care workforce of the future

Across these areas, we work to inspire and support people to be healthier in all aspects of their lives, and build stronger, healthier communities.

In pursuit of our mission we go beyond traditional corporate philanthropy and grant-making to leverage our financial resources with medical research, physician expertise, and clinical practices. In addition to dedicating resources through Community Benefit, we also leverage substantial additional assets that improve community health, including our purchasing practices, our environmental stewardship efforts and workforce volunteerism.

For many years, we have worked collaboratively with other organizations to address serious public health issues such as obesity, access to care, and violence. We have conducted CHNAs to better understand each community’s unique needs and resources. The CHNA process informs our community investments and helps us develop strategies aimed at making long-term,
sustainable change—and it allows us to deepen the strong relationships we have with other organizations that are working to improve community health.

The KFHP/H Board of Directors has a standing Community Benefit Committee that oversees the program wide Community Benefit program. This includes the review and approval of certain community benefit plans and regulatory reports. Kaiser Permanente also has a national executive of KFHP and KFH to lead Kaiser Permanente’s Community Benefit Program as a full-time assignment. Raymond J. Baxter, PhD, is the Senior Vice President for Community Benefit, Research, and Health Care Policy. He reports to the CEO and Chairman of the Board.

KAISER PERMANENTE’S COMMITMENT TO COMMUNITY BENEFIT IN CALIFORNIA

The Community Benefit commitment is reflected in all levels of the organization:

- Regional Community Benefit Governance Teams include senior-level executives representing KFHP/H and SCPMG or TPMG. Each team is responsible for setting strategic direction for Community Benefit activities, approving new initiatives, setting annual spending targets, and monitoring Community Benefit outcomes and results in the region.

- Regional Community Benefit leaders and staff coordinate and implement Community Benefit programs and initiatives with program managers, staff the Community Benefit governance team, and frame policy directives in Northern and Southern California.

- Local staff at the hospital and/or Area level are responsible for implementing and reporting on Community Benefit programs and services that address local needs.
CHAPTER III: COMMUNITY BENEFIT PROVIDED IN 2013

This chapter includes descriptions of all Community Benefit programs and services provided by Kaiser Permanente in 2013. In addition, financial information is listed in two tables located at the end of this chapter. Table A itemizes total Community Benefit provided by KFH for California in accordance with the SB 697 framework. Table B shows total Community Benefit provided by each hospital.

METHODOLOGY

DEFINITION OF COMMUNITY

Kaiser Permanente defines the community served by a hospital as those individuals residing within its hospital service area. A hospital service area includes all residents in a defined geographic area surrounding the hospital and does not exclude low-income or underserved populations.

CATEGORIZATION OF SERVICES

Each KFH Community Benefit program and service included in this plan was aligned with and reported under the most appropriate SB 697 category, which are as follows:

- Medical Care Services for Vulnerable Populations
- Other Benefits for Vulnerable Populations
- Benefits for the Broader Community
- Health Research, Education, and Training Programs

DOCUMENTATION AND ALLOCATION OF EXPENDITURES

Total Community Benefit expenditures are reported for the 35 NCR and SCR hospitals as follows:

- Quantifiable Community Benefit such as facility use and in-kind donations are included if funded by KFH, provided in a KFH facility, or are part of a KFH Community Benefit Plan.
- Medical care services for vulnerable populations include unreimbursed inpatient costs for participation in Kaiser Permanente-subsidized and government-sponsored health care insurance programs.
- The unreimbursed portion of medical, nursing, and other health care profession education and training costs are included.

Resource allocations are reported, as follows:

- Financial expenditures are reported in exact amounts, if available, by hospital service area.
- If exact financial expenditure amounts were not available by hospital service area, then regional expenses were allocated proportionally on the basis of KFHP membership or other quantifiable data, such as the number of Kaiser Permanente Educational Theatre performances presented or Summer Youth students employed within each hospital area’s community at large.

SUMMARY OF KAISER FOUNDATION HOSPITALS COMMUNITY BENEFIT

STATEWIDE BENEFITS

In 2013, KFH provided a total of $776,303,922 in Community Benefit for Californians, supporting a wide range of community projects, medical care services, and research and training for health and medical professionals. As shown in Table A (page
most Community Benefit funds were used to subsidize inpatient medical care services for vulnerable populations ($588,236,946) and for health research, education, and training programs ($111,927,357). KFH also expended $59,300,998 on other benefits for vulnerable populations and $16,838,622 on projects benefiting the broader community.

**BENEFITS BY HOSPITAL SERVICE AREA**

Table B shows total Community Benefit contributions made in 2013 by the 35 hospitals. Totals reflect differences among hospitals, including geographic location, size, Health Plan membership, Community Benefit programs and services provided, and diversity of population. More detailed information, including individual hospital reports, is included in Chapter IV.

**DESCRIPTION OF COMMUNITY BENEFIT PROGRAMS AND SERVICES**

The Kaiser Permanente Community Benefit programs and related services described in this section are aligned with the SB 697 framework. Most correspond directly to the line items listed in Table A in Chapter III and Table 2 in the individual hospital sections, which include financial information for 2013.

**MEDICAL CARE SERVICES FOR VULNERABLE POPULATIONS**

Providing charitable care for the underinsured and uninsured, as well as services to beneficiaries of publicly financed health care programs, is an important element of the KFHP/H social mission. In 2013, KFH spent a total of $520,264,474 on unreimbursed medical care for vulnerable populations.

For the purpose of this plan, KFH has quantified the unreimbursed costs of medical services provided in its hospitals to the underinsured and uninsured through government programs funded at the federal and state levels as well as Kaiser Permanente’s own charity care programs. Government-funded programs include Medi-Cal Managed Care, Medi-Cal Fee-For-Service, and Healthy Families Program. KFH provides charity care through its Charitable Health Coverage and Medical Financial Assistance programs. Services provided to prepaid Medicare, Major Risk Medical Insurance Program (MRMIP), and Access for Infants and Mothers (AIM) beneficiaries are not reported.

**MEDI-CAL**

KFH serves Medi-Cal beneficiaries in two ways. Some recipients are enrolled as KFHP members through Medi-Cal managed care contracts; other Medi-Cal beneficiaries receive health care services on a fee-for-service basis. In both cases, the cost of inpatient services provided exceeds the capitation or revenue received.

- **Medi-Cal Managed Care**: KFH provides comprehensive inpatient and outpatient care to Medi-Cal managed care members in California through various local and state government entities. In Northern California, the local initiatives and county-organized systems are Alameda Alliance, Contra Costa Health Plan, SF Health Plan, Santa Clara Family Health Plan, Partnership Health Plan of CA, Health Plan of San Mateo, Health Plan of San Joaquin, and CalViva Health. In Southern California, KFHP subcontracts with local initiatives in Los Angeles, Riverside, San Bernardino, Ventura, and Orange counties, and contracts directly with the state of California through the Geographic Managed Care Plan in San Diego County. In 2013, KFHP/H provided comprehensive inpatient and outpatient care to approximately 352,034 Medi-Cal managed care members.

- **Medi-Cal Fee-For-Service**: KFH provides subsidized health care on a fee-for-service basis for Medi-Cal beneficiaries not enrolled as KFHP members. Reimbursement for some services usually is significantly below the cost of care and is considered subsidized care to non-member Medi-Cal fee-for-service patients.

**HEALTHY FAMILIES PROGRAM**

In 2013, KFHP successfully transitioned its Healthy Families Program members into Medi-Cal, as required by the state of California. Healthy Families, California’s version of the State Children’s Health Insurance Program (SCHIP), is a federally and state-funded insurance program that provides low- and moderate-income families with health insurance for their children.
under age 19. The program provides comprehensive health benefits, including dental and vision care. To qualify, families must have a total income between 100% and 250% of the federal income guidelines, and the children must be ineligible for Medi-Cal coverage.

**Charitable Health Coverage Programs**

Through Kaiser Permanente’s Charitable Health Coverage Programs, approximately 86,000 low-income adults and children, who are ineligible for other public or private health insurance, receive subsidized coverage from Kaiser Permanente each year.

- In California in 2013, the Kaiser Permanente Child Health Plan (KPCHP) provided subsidized health coverage to 77,135 children 0 to 19 whose family income was up to 300% of the federal poverty level and who lacked access to other coverage due to their immigration status or family income. They received comprehensive benefits, including preventive care, inpatient and outpatient services, prescriptions, and vision and dental care. Premiums in 2013 were $8 or $15 per child per month, depending on family income, for up to three children with no charge for additional children.

- Healthy San Francisco, operated by the San Francisco Department of Public Health (SFDPH), provides health care services to uninsured San Francisco residents regardless of immigration status, employment status, or pre-existing medical conditions. The 2013 Healthy San Francisco Medical Home Network consisted of SFDPH and San Francisco Community Clinic Consortium clinics, private physician groups, and other providers, including Kaiser Permanente. In 2013, Kaiser Permanente provided health coverage to 2,904 Healthy San Francisco members.

**Medical Financial Assistance**

Improving health care access for those with limited incomes and resources is fundamental to Kaiser Permanente. The Medical Financial Assistance program (MFA) helps low-income, uninsured, and underserved patients receive access to care. MFA provides temporary financial assistance or free care to patients who receive health care services from our providers, regardless of whether they have health coverage or are uninsured. MFA is open to eligible patients (members and nonmembers) who meet financial guidelines based on household size and income and have exhausted all means of private or public health care coverage. Patients apply for MFA in one or more ways, including accessing a hard copy of an application form, through Web access or an online application, or through financial counseling services. The program also includes support for community MFA programs and support for charity care programs at community hospitals. Community MFA programs are designed to enable access to health care through coordination with community-based organizations that address the health needs of the community’s low income populations. In some instances, the program also provides financial resources to local community hospitals to support their charity care programs. In 2013, KFH contributed $145,170,014 to help patients with limited or no resources pay for care provided in KFH facilities.

**Grants and Donations for Medical Care Services**

KFH donated $67,972,472 to nonprofit and community-based agencies in California to support the delivery of medical care by community providers. This effort is designed to provide support for community clinics and other safety net provider to build capacity for improving access and quality care infrastructure. It also extends partnerships to health departments and public hospitals. Funding areas include, but are not limited to, chronic disease management, access to specialty care, homeless services, quality improvement, access to primary care, HIV/AIDS, and general operating support.

**Other Benefits for Vulnerable Populations**

In 2013, KFH donated $59,300,998 to benefit vulnerable populations through a number of programs, including Educational Outreach Program, INROADS, Summer Youth, Watts Counseling and Learning Center, and grants and donations for community-based programs.

**Kaiser Permanente Educational Outreach Program**

Educational Outreach Program (EOP) provides education and support services, primarily for Latino families, in the San Gabriel Valley section of Los Angeles County. The focus of EOP is to provide programs and activities that improve school performance, promote family communication, teach skills that are needed to meet various life tasks and alleviate stress,
create opportunities for the development of leadership skills for both youth and their parents so they can address issues that impact their community, and increase awareness of professional opportunities in the health field for young people. Programs offered include homework assistance and study skills classes, reading improvement classes, mother-daughter workshops, assessment of mental health needs in the community, and summer enrichment sessions. EOP provided services to a total of 1,386 clients.

Kaiser Permanente Watts Counseling and Learning Center

Since 1967, Watts Counseling and Learning Center (WCLC) has been a valuable community resource for low-income, inner-city families in South Los Angeles. WCLC provides mental health and counseling services, educational assistance for children with learning disabilities, and a state-licensed and nationally accredited preschool program. In addition, WCLC operates several outreach programs, including Kids Can Cope support groups (for children whose siblings or parents have cancer), pre-employment training for high school youth, scholarships for high school students, and training for graduate social work interns from local universities. In 2013, WCLC provided services to a total of 1,717 individuals.

Youth Employment Programs

KHF participates in two programs that benefit disadvantaged youth—L.A.U.N.C.H (Learn About Unlimited New Careers in Healthcare) Summer Youth Employment Program (SYEP) and L.A.U.N.C.H. INROADS. These programs offer employment, mentoring, and training opportunities, as well as potential full-time employment upon completion. In 2013, 601 young people were employed through them.

- Kaiser Permanente L.A.U.N.C.H. SYEP: Kaiser Permanente L.A.U.N.C.H. SYEP offers paid summer work to underrepresented youth at Kaiser Permanente facilities throughout California. Interns participate in a variety of administrative and operational support positions. In addition to their work assignments, SYEP Interns participate in educational sessions and motivational workshops to enhance job skills and work performance, and to learn about careers in health care.

- Kaiser Permanente L.A.U.N.C.H. INROADS: Since 1987, Kaiser Permanente has worked with the INROADS organization to offer L.A.U.N.C.H., a unique program designed to provide students with practical experience in the health care field and to offer successful participants exciting career opportunities following graduation. Together, we remain dedicated to helping underrepresented college students of color develop into a powerful, multicultural workforce that delivers quality, cost-effective, and culturally responsive care to the diverse communities we serve. Through Kaiser Permanente L.A.U.N.C.H. INROADS, we are making a solid investment in developing health care leaders capable of guiding us into the future. Kaiser Permanente L.A.U.N.C.H. INROADS interns discover a chance to develop their skills in a supportive environment. We offer a variety of health care internships that are designed to provide the practical background, support network, and knowledge that interns will need to succeed in their chosen field.

Grants and Donations for Community-Based Programs

KHF donated $34,754,020 to community organizations to support a variety of programs and services for vulnerable populations in California. Through this funding category, KHF supports Community Health Initiatives (CHI). Kaiser Permanente has a longstanding focus on healthy eating, active living (HEAL) programs and other interventions designed to combat increased obesity rates. CHI supports efforts by community providers and coalitions to implement community-wide medical, environmental, and social changes that can help decrease obesity. CHI also supports efforts that address and promote community safety.

Benefits for the Broader Community

In 2013, KHF spent $16,838,622 on programs and services to benefit the broader community, including health education and community wellness programs, Educational Theatre, donations of surplus equipment and supplies, facility use, and grants and donations that support the broader community.
**COMMUNITY HEALTH EDUCATION AND HEALTH PROMOTION PROGRAMS**

This program provides health education programs, materials, and services and conducts training sessions for California’s diverse communities. The goal is to improve health and prevent disease in families and individuals of all ages by conducting appropriate health education interventions and by sharing Kaiser Permanente’s health education resources. These programs widely disseminate quality health education materials, resources, and services to the community, including online resources such as the health encyclopedia and Healthwise Self-Care Tip Sheets. Programs offered include asthma management in children, breastfeeding, HIV prevention, better nutrition and lifestyle, coping with chronic diseases, and seniors’ movement programs. Continuing Education courses and skill training sessions are also provided to community health care providers. Many of the programs and resources are provided in partnership with community groups, community clinics, libraries, nonprofit organizations, cable television channels, and schools. In 2013, Regional Health Education provided more than 400 activities—responding to requests for materials, trainings, presentations, event staffing, technical assistance, and publication development—that reached more than 264,000 community members.

**KAISER PERMANENTE EDUCATIONAL THEATRE (KPET)**

KPET uses live theatre, music, comedy, and drama to inspire children, teens, and adults to make healthier choices and better decisions about their well-being. Its award-winning programs are as entertaining as they are educational and were developed with the advice of teachers, parents, students, health educators, medical professionals, and skilled theatre artists. Professional actors who are also trained health educators deliver all performances and workshops. KPET programs share health information and develop individual and community knowledge about leading healthier lives. Now in its 27th year, it continues to provide programs free of charge to schools and the general community. In addition to performances and classroom workshops, KPET supplies schools and organizations with supplementary educational materials, including workbooks, parent and teacher guides, and student wallet cards. All materials are designed to reinforce the messages presented in the programs.

In 2013, KPET provided programs throughout Kaiser Permanente Northern California that align with CHI. In fact, 80% of KPET’s total services in 2013 were in support of CHI or other area and regional strategies. KPET staff also communicated with CB managers and area staff to discuss potential school and community partnerships. In 2013, KPET developed twelve new partnerships and served more than 322,892 children and adults through 1,416 events, which ranged from school performances and workshops to community presentations and trainings.

In NCR, KPET offered the following services in 2013 for elementary schools: *The Best Me Assembly*, a performance for grades K to 6 with a targeted focus on healthy eating and active living; *The Best Me Program*, a weeklong program encouraging healthy eating and an active lifestyle through an educator orientation, grade-specific assemblies, workshops, Family Night, and educator guides; and *Peace Signs*, a conflict resolution and violence prevention program providing multiple interventions with schools, upper elementary school students, and their families.

For middle school students, KPET offered *Nightmare on Puberty St.* , a humorous yet serious presentation about the joys and angst of adolescence. For high school students, KPET offered *Secrets*, an HIV/STIs education drama. KPET also continued to offer its highly requested Community Troupe programs – All-Star Mascot Show, Kids’ Course, Mascot Ambassadors of Health and Wellness, and Lotería – as well as customized workshops and activities.

In SCR in 2013, 213,635 children and adults attended one of 1,377 KPET performances. For the past several years, KPET has provided MPOWR (empower), a summer enrichment program that challenges students to explore health via self-expression through art, music, theatre, and movement. Ongoing partnerships include WCLC and Madison Middle School in North Hollywood; new partnerships include Boys and Girls Club of Redlands. MPOWR is facilitated by KPET actor-educators and culminates with a showcase of student work at each location. The repertoire for KPET in SCR also includes the following multifaceted programs:

- The Literacy Promotion Program (grades K-2) includes the play, *Jay and E and the ZigZag Sea* and a student workshop in which the actor-educators engage students in a LEA (language experience approach)-based activity. The program is designed to inspire and encourage students to read. Key concepts include reading is fun and sounding out words one letter at a time.
• The Obesity Prevention Program (grades 4-5) includes the play, *Game On*, and two supporting student workshops. Key topics include eating a balanced meal, choosing water over sugary beverages, the importance of active play, and the power of media advertising.

• The Conflict Management Program (grades 3-5) the play, *Drummin’ Up Peace*, and a student workshop. The program is designed to complement conflict resolution and violence prevention efforts in schools and community locations. Key topics include steps to managing conflict, empathy, cooperation, and communication.

**GRANTS AND DONATIONS FOR THE BROADER COMMUNITY**

KFH donated $3,945,573 to nonprofit organizations to help educate health care consumers about managing their own health and making informed decisions when obtaining services; to develop, produce, and communicate health care-related public policy; and to support a variety of other programs and services aimed at the general well-being of the community.

**FACILITY USAGE, SURPLUS EQUIPMENT, SUPPLIES, AND OTHER IN-KIND DONATIONS**

Many community organizations use meeting rooms at KFH facilities free of charge. KFH also donates surplus hospital and office equipment, furniture, health education materials, linens, and other items and materials to nonprofit organizations throughout California.

**HEALTH RESEARCH, EDUCATION, AND TRAINING PROGRAMS**

KFH is committed to improving the health and well-being of community members by educating and training physicians and other health care professionals, conducting medical and health services research, and disseminating information. In 2013, KFH spent $111,927,357 on education and training for nurses, physicians, other health care professionals, and health and nursing research.

**PROVIDER EDUCATION AND TRAINING**

KFH provides education and training for medical interns and residents, as well as for nurses and other health care professionals, and offers continuing medical education for SCPMG, TPMG, and general community physicians.

**GRADUATE MEDICAL EDUCATION (GME)**

In 2013, KFH contributed $69,635,244 to educate more than 2,557 interns and residents in California. GME programs develop a pool of highly skilled physicians for Kaiser Permanente and the broader community. Most medical residents study within the primary care medicine areas of Family Medicine, Internal Medicine, Obstetrics and Gynecology, Pediatrics, Preventive Medicine, and Psychiatry. As part of their training, residents participate in rotations at school-based health centers, community clinics, and homeless shelters.

**COMMUNITY MEDICINE FELLOWSHIP**

The Community Medicine Fellowship is implemented by the SCR Residency Program to provide care for underserved populations. Fellows provide direct patient care and mentor residents and medical students in the provision of care in a variety of settings, including community health clinics, homeless shelters, and local schools. Program participants collaborate with local health department physician leaders to develop programs that address community health concerns and provide lectures for local medical students with the focus on inspiring interest in the provision of primary care.

**OLIVER GOLDSMITH SCHOLARSHIP PROGRAM**

The Oliver Goldsmith Scholarship Program in SCR is dedicated to the promotion and advancement of culturally responsive care. Fourteen scholarships are awarded annually to medical students entering their third or fourth year of study who have demonstrated commitment to diversity though community service, clinical volunteerism, leadership, or research. Scholarship recipients participate in clinical rotations at Kaiser Permanente facilities to observe SCPMG how physicians deliver culturally responsive care.
NURSING EDUCATION AND TRAINING

KFH offers several programs, many in partnership with colleges and universities, to increase the number of registered nurses and those with advanced nursing degrees.

Kaiser Permanente School of Anesthesia for Nurses

Founded in 1972, the school provides graduate-level education for nurse anesthetists. In partnership with California State University, Fullerton, the school offers a two-year sequential academic and clinical graduate program for nurses with a baccalaureate degree. Students earn a master of science in nursing with a clinical specialty in anesthesia. In 2013, there were 68 student participants. In SCR, the school has partnerships with a number of public and community hospitals to provide additional clinical rotation opportunities for students. Scholarships for students are available through National Black Nurses Association and American Association of Nurse Anesthetists Foundation. In addition, the school partnered with Pasadena City College to develop the first anesthesia technician associate degree program in the nation. The anesthesia technician program prepares students for eligibility to take and pass the American Society of Anesthesia Technologists and Technicians (ASATT) National Certification Examination to become certified as an anesthesia technician. A certificate of achievement and an associate of science degree are awarded upon successful completion of the curriculum. Thirteen students participated in the program in 2013.

California Nursing Anesthesia Collaborative Program – (CNACP)

CNACP provides education and financial assistance to students pursuing a master’s degree in nurse anesthesia. CNACP faculty (clinical and academic) are graduates of the Samuel Merritt University (SMU) program and serve as resources for lifelong learning within perioperative medicine departments throughout NCR. In 2013, 373 students participated in the program.

Kaiser Permanente Deloras Jones Nursing Scholarship Program

Kaiser Permanente provides financial assistance to students enrolled in California nursing programs. The scholarships encourage and support recipients to become registered nurses or to pursue advanced nursing degrees. Scholarships are based primarily on financial need and are awarded in several categories: underrepresented minorities, academic excellence, nursing as a second career, and graduate nursing degrees. In 2013, 189 scholarships totaling $323,000 were awarded.

Board of Registered Nursing and Clinical Training Programs – (BRN-CTA)

The BRN-approved Nursing Work Study Program provides nursing students with clinical experience though nurse work study courses and internships at Kaiser Permanente medical facilities. Nurse interns are exposed to Kaiser Permanente’s evidence-based practices, reinforcing the nursing curriculum and supporting them to BSN matriculation. Interns receive support and mentorship from BRN faculty and work under the direct supervision of Kaiser Permanente staff and RNs. In 2013, 83 students participated in the BRN Work Study program.

In SCR, the program is administered jointly by affiliated nursing programs and hospital education departments. In 2013, a total of 20 students were assigned to KFH facilities. Academic partners were Point Loma Nazarene University, San Diego State University, San Diego City College, and Santa Monica Community College.

Technical Provider Education and Training

KFH provides postgraduate education and training, including internships, to non-physician health care professionals in medical technology, pharmacy, physical therapy, psychology, and radiology. The programs are administered regionally. Some programs offer students a small monthly stipend.

Kaiser Permanente School of Allied Health Sciences – (KPSAHS)

KPSAHS is located in Richmond, California and was established in 1989 as a radiology program in response to the severe shortage of radiologic technologists. KPSAHS eventually expanded the school to include 18-month programs in sonography, nuclear medicine, and radiation therapy. In addition, the school provides courses in anatomy and physiology and
advanced/basic phlebotomy. KPSAHS offers educational programs and promotes learning to develop a skilled allied health workforce and to improve the quality of and access to health care services in the communities we serve.

**Kaiser Permanente Mental Health Training Program**

In Northern California, Kaiser Permanente’s Mental Health Training Programs train mental health professionals and provide internships and residencies in a variety of postgraduate specialty areas. Internships in pre and post-master’s level mental health services include Clinical Social Work and Marriage & Family Therapy (MFT). Participating interns are enrolled in or have completed either a master degree program in Social Work (MSW), or a master’s degree program in Counseling Psychology, leading to an MFT license. Internships in Psychology require enrollment in American Psychological Association (APA)-accredited Ph.D., Psy.D. or Ed.D. programs in Counseling or Clinical Psychology. Postdoctoral residencies in Psychology require completion of Ph.D., Psy.D., or Ed.D. degrees in APA-accredited programs. Interns and residents receive individual and group supervision, participate in didactic seminars, and receive training in the delivery of outpatient mental health and chemical dependency services.

**Kaiser Permanente Pharmacist Residency Programs**

Pharmacy residency programs provide one- and two-year postgraduate education and training programs to licensed pharmacists to gain additional experience and training in pharmaceutical care and administrative pharmacy services. Kaiser Permanente annually accepts students into its American Society of Health System Pharmacist or Academy of Managed Care Pharmacy accredited pharmacy residency programs, including standard post-graduate year-one programs to specialized programs in managed care, drug information, and drug distribution. The programs enable residents to meet the legal requirements in California for collaborative practice for initiating and adjusting prescription medication therapy under physician approved protocols and patient referrals. In 2013, Kaiser Permanente trained 117 students.

**Kaiser Permanente Physical Therapy Fellowship in Advanced Orthopedic Manual Therapy Program**

Established in 1979 at KFH-Hayward in Northern California, this is the oldest program of its kind in the country and attracts therapists from across the nation to participate in advanced specialty training in orthopedic physical therapy. Graduates serve as clinical specialists, academic faculty, instructors for community courses, and consultants to industry.

**Kaiser Permanente Physical Therapy Neurology Residency**

The Neurology Physical Therapy (PT) program trains neurologic residents to acquire the advanced clinical skills required to treat and manage patients with complex neurological diagnoses across the continuum of care. Neurologic PT residents participate in rotations at acute hospital inpatient, rehabilitation centers, and outpatient departments, and community clinics.

**Kaiser Permanente Physical Therapy Clinical Internships**

This program delivers training and education to students by providing space in Kaiser Permanente-sponsored clinical training seminars and by partnering with established university training programs. Students receive education on pediatrics, sports medicine, women’s health, chronic pain, autism, speech disorders, neurological physical therapy, geriatrics and orthopedics. In 2013, 279 physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech therapy students received clinical training.

**Kaiser Permanente Physical Therapy Orthopedic Fellowship Program**

This residency program provides education in the specialty area of orthopedic physical therapy. In 2013, the program offered 25 physical therapy residency slots at KFH hospitals in Southern California. Residents, fellows, and clinical faculty of our program continue to provide physical therapy services for patients at Graduates are eligible to sit for their board certification examination in orthopedic physical therapy, and apply to participate in a physical therapy fellowship program.

**Kaiser Permanente Movement Science Fellowship**

This fellowship program provides education in the specialty area of movement science, with a focus on advanced training in movement analysis, therapeutic exercise, and ergonomic instruction for patients with musculoskeletal conditions. Each year, there are six Movement Science fellowship slots at KFH hospitals in Southern California.
**Kaiser Permanente Orthopedic Fellowship in Sports Rehabilitation**

This fellowship program provides education in the specialty area of sports physical therapy and rehabilitation, with a focus on advanced training in examination techniques and treatment procedures for extremity injuries in an active and postsurgical patient population with musculoskeletal conditions. There are four Orthopedic/Sports Rehabilitation Fellow slots at KFH hospitals in Southern California.

**Kaiser Permanente Spine Rehabilitation Fellowship Program**

This fellowship program provides education in the specialty area of spine physical therapy and rehabilitation, with a focus on advanced training in examination and treatment techniques procedures and management of acute through chronic spine injuries in a patient population with musculoskeletal conditions. There are three Spine Rehabilitation fellow slots at KFH hospitals in Southern California.

**Kaiser Permanente Clinical Psychology Internship Training Programs**

This program is conducted through the Department of Psychiatry and Addiction Medicine in SCR. Pre-doctoral students enroll in the internship training programs to augment their educational experience by working in a high-quality educational environment, by having direct responsibility (under the supervision of licensed staff) for patients selected from a large and varied patient base, and by working with a multidisciplinary staff. The goal is to transition the intern from student to professional by providing training in the roles and functions of clinical psychologists. Accredited by the American Psychiatric Association’s Committee on Accreditation, the program employs a multi-supervisor training process that gives interns training, supervisory, and mentoring experiences with licensed staff members of varying theoretical backgrounds and areas of expertise. KFH-Los Angeles and KFH-San Diego participate in the program with eight interns at each location.

**Kaiser Permanente Radiology Training Program**

Students enrolled in local community college radiology technology programs can complete their one-year clinical rotation, a requirement for certification, at KFH facilities in Southern California. The program served 185 students in 2013.

**Advanced Practice and Allied Health Care Educational Programs**

The Southern California Department of Professional Education offers educational programs designed to meet many of the primary and continuing educational needs of certified nurse anesthetists, nurse practitioners, physician assistants, certified nurse-midwives, physical therapists, occupational therapists, clinical laboratory specialists, radiology technologists, registered nurses, speech pathologists, social workers, and marriage and family counselors. In 2013, approximately 551 community participants attended one of 11 Continuing Education programs and/or symposia.

**Hippocrates Circle**

This program was designed to increase the number of minority physicians in the medical field, especially in underserved communities, by building awareness in young men and women who are members of underrepresented minority groups that a career in medicine, especially as a physician, is possible. Through the collaborative efforts of school districts, medical schools, and Kaiser Permanente physicians and staff, Hippocrates Circle strengthens the self-esteem of young people and empowers them to pursue their goals through mentorship, education, and facilitated experience. In 2013, 732 students participated in the program at various KFH locations in Southern California.

**Grants and Donations for the Education of Health Care Professionals**

KFH spent $3,052,844 to support the training and education of health care professionals in California. Contributions were made to a variety of nonprofit agencies and academic institutions.

**Health Research**

Kaiser Permanente has a long history of conducting health services and medical research that address issues regarding health care policy, quality of care, and quality of life. The results have yielded findings that affect the practice of medicine within the broader health care community.
In California, KFH operates three large research departments: NCR's Division of Research, established in 1961; SCR's Department of Research and Evaluation, founded in the early 1980s; and Kaiser Foundation Research Institute. In addition, KFH funds other research-related projects and programs such as nursing research.

**DIVISION OF RESEARCH (DOR)**

DOR, Kaiser Permanente Northern California's highly regarded research center, conducts, publishes, and disseminates high-quality epidemiological and health services research to improve the health and medical care of Kaiser Permanente members and society at large. DOR conducts research among the three million plus Kaiser Permanente members of Northern California, using interviews, automated data, medical records, and clinical examinations. DOR researchers have contributed more than 3,000 papers to the medical and public health literature; 313 studies were published in 2013. Research projects include epidemiologic and health services studies as well as clinical trials and program evaluations. They cover a wide range of topics, including cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, substance abuse, mental health, maternal and child health, women's health, health disparities, pharmacoepidemiology, and studies of the impact of changing health care policy and practice. DOR has more than 50 research scientists who work closely with local research institutions and organizations, including California State Department of Health Services; University of California at Berkeley, San Francisco, and Davis; and Stanford University. DOR also works with Kaiser Permanente Community Benefit to enhance communication and collaboration between DOR and Kaiser Permanente members, community residents, and other key stakeholders. Financial and other CB support enables DOR to attract additional private funding and ensures more community engagement and participation in DOR activities.

**DEPARTMENT OF RESEARCH AND EVALUATION**

The Department of Research and Evaluation supports Kaiser Permanente physicians and employees in conducting research through the provision of consultative, educational, and administrative services. Research and Evaluation conducts research projects initiated by team members working within the unit and in collaboration with scientists affiliated with other institutions. In 2013, there were 981 active projects and 315 published studies of regional and/or national significance.

**KAISER FOUNDATION RESEARCH INSTITUTE (KFRI)**

KFRI provides administrative services for medical research conducted in all Kaiser Permanente regions and is responsible for compliance with federal regulations that govern the administration and implementation of research.

**NURSING RESEARCH PROGRAM**

NCR's program was established to improve the health and well-being of Kaiser Permanente members and the community at-large. The nurse scientist-director supports these goals by developing and maintaining the structure and function of the Nursing Research Program to:

- Advance clinical research and evidence-based nursing practice
- Expand partnerships and program visibility
- Promote projects that are aligned with Community Benefit work stream priorities
- Maintain compliance with Protection of Human Subjects Federal Regulations and HIPPA

The Nursing Research Program provides outreach to the community at large through a website, bimonthly WebEx meeting programs, bimonthly newsletters, and the Northern California Nursing Research blog. In addition, nurses receive consultation, administrative, and technical support to conduct, publish, and disseminate research findings that improve patient care and nursing practices and contribute to the knowledge of nursing science.

In Southern California, there were 103 new, continuing, and/or completed Nursing Research Program projects and two studies published in 2013. Current areas of research include nursing workforce and leadership, instrument development and validation, and quality of life issues.
# Table A

## KAISER FOUNDATION HOSPITALS IN CALIFORNIA

### COMMUNITY BENEFITS PROVIDED IN 2013

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>2013 Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Medical Care Services for Vulnerable Populations</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medi-Cal(^1)</td>
<td>$305,204,709</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Healthy Families(^2)</td>
<td>17,947,889</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Charity care: Charitable Health Coverage Programs(^3)</td>
<td>51,941,862</td>
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<tr>
<td>Charity care: Medical Financial Assistance program(^4)</td>
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<td>Grants and donations for medical services</td>
<td>67,972,472</td>
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<td><strong>Subtotal</strong></td>
<td><strong>$588,236,946</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Other Benefits for Vulnerable Populations</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Watts Counseling and Learning Center</td>
<td>$3,092,770</td>
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<tr>
<td>Educational Outreach Program</td>
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<tr>
<td>Summer Youth and INROADS programs</td>
<td>2,335,171</td>
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<tr>
<td>Grants and donations for community-based programs</td>
<td>34,754,020</td>
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<tr>
<td>Community Benefit administration and operations</td>
<td>18,098,734</td>
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<td><strong>Subtotal</strong></td>
<td><strong>$59,300,998</strong></td>
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<td><strong>Benefits for the Broader Community</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Community health education and promotion programs</td>
<td>$1,234,309</td>
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<tr>
<td>Kaiser Permanente Educational Theatre</td>
<td>9,670,182</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Facility, supplies, and equipment (in-kind donations)(^5)</td>
<td>471,283</td>
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<tr>
<td>Community Giving Campaign administrative expenses</td>
<td>775,589</td>
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<tr>
<td>Grants and donations for the broader community</td>
<td>3,945,573</td>
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<tr>
<td>National Board of Directors fund(^6)</td>
<td>741,686</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Subtotal</strong></td>
<td><strong>$16,838,622</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Health Research, Education, and Training</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Graduate Medical Education(^7)</td>
<td>$69,635,244</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-MD provider education and training programs(^8)</td>
<td>20,487,969</td>
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<tr>
<td>Grants and donations for the education of health care professionals</td>
<td>3,052,844</td>
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<td>Health research</td>
<td>18,751,300</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Subtotal</strong></td>
<td><strong>$111,927,357</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Community Benefits Provided</strong></td>
<td><strong>$776,303,922</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

See endnotes on the following page.
ENDNOTES

1 Amount reported is the sum of the cost of unreimbursed inpatient care provided to Medi-Cal managed care members and the unbillable, unreimbursed inpatient care provided to Medi-Cal Fee-For-Service beneficiaries.

2 Amount includes the cost of unreimbursed inpatient expenditures for Healthy Families members.

3 Amount includes the cost of unreimbursed inpatient expenditures for Kaiser Permanente Child Health Plan members.

4 Amount includes the cost of unreimbursed inpatient and outpatient care provided through the Medical Financial Assistance Program.

5 Amount represents the estimated value of, but is not limited to, donated surplus office and medical supplies, equipment and furniture, promotional giveaways, in-kind services, and conference meeting room usage, as recorded in the MicroEdge GIFTS database.

6 Each Kaiser Permanente hospital-based region contributes funds to the national Program Office for community projects in California and across the United States.

7 Amount reflects the net direct expenditures.

8 Amount reflects the net expenses after tuition reimbursements for health profession education and training programs.
Table B

KAISER FOUNDATION HOSPITALS IN CALIFORNIA

HOSPITAL SERVICE AREA SUMMARY TABLE

COMMUNITY BENEFITS PROVIDED IN 2013

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NORTHERN CALIFORNIA HOSPITALS</th>
<th>SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA HOSPITALS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Antioch</td>
<td>$19,007,986</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fremont</td>
<td>11,527,837</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fresno</td>
<td>15,385,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hayward</td>
<td>19,872,647</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manteca</td>
<td>10,845,598</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Modesto</td>
<td>10,900,339</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oakland</td>
<td>41,741,824</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Redwood City</td>
<td>9,857,478</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Richmond</td>
<td>18,447,312</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Roseville</td>
<td>24,535,607</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sacramento</td>
<td>34,451,721</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>San Francisco</td>
<td>24,240,596</td>
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<tr>
<td>San Jose</td>
<td>18,270,880</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>San Rafael</td>
<td>11,897,664</td>
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<tr>
<td>Santa Clara</td>
<td>29,514,186</td>
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<tr>
<td>Santa Rosa</td>
<td>22,137,388</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>South Sacramento</td>
<td>39,380,534</td>
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<tr>
<td>South San Francisco</td>
<td>8,057,312</td>
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<tr>
<td>Vacaville</td>
<td>14,368,974</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vallejo</td>
<td>26,644,037</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Walnut Creek</td>
<td>19,441,247</td>
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</table>

Northern California Total $430,526,667  Southern California Total $345,777,255

INTRODUCTION

During 2013, local staff at the 35 KFH hospitals in California conducted a CHNA and developed a community benefit plan. For the first time, these CHNAs and community benefit plans were developed in compliance with new federal tax law requirements set forth in Internal Revenue Code section 501(r), which requires hospital facilities owned and operated by an organization described in Code section 501(c)(3) to conduct a CHNA at least once every three years and to develop and adopt an implementation strategy (in the parlance of SB697, aka community benefit plan) to meet the community health needs identified through the CHNA. What follows is a general description of the development of the triennial CHNA and the resulting community benefit plan as required by SB697.

COMMUNITY HEALTH NEEDS ASSESSMENT

The Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (ACA), enacted on March 23, 2010, added new requirements, which nonprofit hospital organizations must satisfy to maintain their tax-exempt status under section 501(c)3 of the Internal Revenue Code. One such requirement added by ACA, Section 501(r) of the Code, requires nonprofit hospitals to conduct a CHNA at least once every three years. As part of the CHNA, each hospital is required to collect input from designated individuals in the community, including public health experts as well as members, representatives or leaders of low-income, minority, and medically underserved populations and individuals with chronic conditions.

While Kaiser Permanente has conducted CHNAs for many years to identify needs and resources in our communities and to guide our Community Benefit plans, the new legislation provided an opportunity to revisit our needs assessment and strategic planning processes with an eye toward enhanced compliance and transparency and leveraging emerging technologies. The CHNA process undertaken in 2013 and described in this report complies with both the new federal requirements and SB 697 legislation.

Many KFH hospitals collaborate with community partners and/or engage a consultant to help design and implement the CHNA. Those that work collaboratively partner with a variety of entities, including community-based and faith-based organizations, hospitals, clinics, schools, churches, social service agencies, government agencies, elected officials, and other community stakeholders. KFH entities provide financial support, donate in-kind services, and/or deliver technical expertise to support the CHNA collaboration. Collaborative members participate in the overall planning and implementation of the CHNA, which includes developing quantitative and qualitative data collection strategies.

To ensure that the CHNA yields results that are as meaningful, usable, accurate, and locally specific as possible, many KFH entities use at least one of the following mechanisms to collect primary data about the communities they serve:

- **Focus groups:** This is a form of qualitative research in which a select group of people (providers, community members, community stakeholders, etc.) are asked about their perceptions, opinions, beliefs, and attitudes regarding a specific issue, service, concept, idea, etc. In the CHNA process, focus groups are typically designed to solicit information about health care issues, needs, concerns, and services in the community and are sometimes conducted in more than one language.

- **Telephone surveys or one-on-one interviews:** Whether conducted by telephone, electronically, or in person, these interviews—often with community health providers, county health officers, or other key stakeholders—are designed to gather input from those with the requisite experience and/or expertise about health care issues, needs, concerns, and services in the community. In some cases, participants receive a questionnaire in advance of the interview.

- **Site visits with grantees:** Community Benefit grantees can provide valuable input and insight about the vulnerable populations they serve, including high-risk teens, refugees and immigrants, seniors, and HIV-positive individuals. As...
such, grant makers often schedule onsite visits with grantees to get a first-hand look at how grant funds are making an impact. They meet with the grantee’s administrators, staff, volunteers, and/or clients/patients.

In addition to primary data collection and analysis, the CHNA collaborative and/or the consultant researches existing data sources for relevant demographic and health-related statistics. Kaiser Permanente created a free, web-based data platform (www.chna.org/kp) to facilitate access to and analysis of relevant secondary data. The platform provided local data on demographics, social and economic factors, the physical environment, clinical care, health behaviors, and health outcomes. Sources for data available on the platform include, but are not limited to:

- U.S. Census Bureau
- Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (e.g., Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System)
- U.S. and California Departments of Education
- U.S. Department of Agriculture
- Walkscore.com 2012
- California Health Interview Survey (CHIS)
- U.S. Health Resources and Services Administration
- California Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development (OSHPD), Patient Discharge Data, 2010
- California Department of Public Health

Once the community’s health problems and assets are identified through the CHNA data collection and analysis process, relevant stakeholders in each collaborative convene to discuss and analyze the information and to prioritize community health needs based on a set of criteria that included:

- Severity of issue/degree of poor performance against the benchmark
- Clear disparities/inequities
- Issue is getting worse over time/not improving
- Community prioritizes the issue over other issues
- Existing attention/resources dedicated to the issue
- Effective and feasible interventions exist
- A successful solution has the potential to solve multiple problems
- Opportunity to intervene at the prevention level

The CHNA report for each KFH hospital is posted on Kaiser Permanente’s website (Kaiser Permanente Share Site).

COMMUNITY BENEFIT PLAN DEVELOPMENT

Information from the CHNA provides the foundation for how each local KFH hospital will work to improve the health status of the community through a strategic, three-year community benefit plan. Following the CHNA process, each KFH hospital convenes a committee of stakeholders to further discuss and analyze the CHNA findings with a particular focus on selecting the health needs the hospital will focus on. Planning committees include hospital administrative staff from various disciplines (e.g. medical, nursing, administrative, finance, labor, and marketing). These stakeholders help select the health needs that the KFH hospital will address using an established set of criteria, which, at a minimum, included the following:

- Magnitude/scale of the problem
- Severity of the problem
- Degree of racial/ethnic disparity
- Kaiser Permanente assets and expertise available
- Existing or promising approaches exist to address the need
Once health needs are selected, local CB staff and committees develop a community benefit plan. As part Kaiser Permanente’s integrated health system, KFH hospitals have a long history of working with KFHP, TPMG, SCPMG, and other KFH hospitals, as well as external stakeholders to identify, develop, and implement strategies to address community health needs. These strategies are developed so that they:

- Are available broadly to the public and serve low-income consumers.
- Reduce geographic, financial, and/or cultural barriers to accessing health services, and if they were no longer in place would result in access problems.
- Address federal, state, or local public health priorities
- Leverage or enhance public health department activities
- Advance increased general knowledge through education or research that benefits the public
- Address needs that would otherwise become the responsibility of the government or another tax-exempt organization

KFH hospitals are committed to enhancing their understanding of how best to develop and implement effective strategies to address community health needs and recognize that good health outcomes cannot be achieved without joint planning and partnerships with community stakeholders and leaders. As such, KFH hospitals continue to work in partnership to refine their goals and strategies over time so that they can most effectively address the identified needs.

Each KFH hospital will monitor and evaluate its proposed strategies to track implementation of those strategies and to document the anticipated impact. Monitoring plans will be tailored to each strategy and will include the collection and documentation of tracking measures, such as the number of grants made, amount of dollars spent, number of people reached/served, number and role of volunteers, and volunteer hours. In addition, KFH hospitals will require grantees to propose, track, and report outcomes, including behavior and health outcomes as appropriate. For example, outcome measures for a strategy that addresses obesity/overweight by increasing access to physical activity and healthy eating options might include number of students walking or biking to school, access to fresh locally grown fruits and vegetables at schools, or number of weekly physical activity minutes.

OUTLINE OF HOSPITAL SECTION

The rest of this chapter contains, in alphabetical order, a narrative section for each of the 35 hospitals. Each hospital section contains the following information:

- A community snapshot, a few facts about the facility, and a list of key local leaders.
- A map of the service area.
- A brief overview of the 2010 CHNA, including identification of any collaborative partners or consultants, a list of key findings from the CHNA, and the identified priority needs.
- Year-end results for Community Benefit activities and programs provided in 2013, including highlights of key local and regional grants, partnerships, and other efforts to address the prioritized needs outlined in the 2011-2013 Community Benefit Plan.
- 2013 metrics for select programs in the CB portfolio, presented at the hospital level (Table 1).
- Quantified Community Benefit provided in 2013, presented at the hospital level (Table 2).
- A link to the 2013 CHNA.
- The 2014-2016 Community Benefit Plan.

Additional information about each hospital may be obtained by contacting the local Kaiser Permanente Public Affairs Department or Regional Community Benefit staff in either Northern California (510-625-6188) or Southern California (626-405-6271).
KAISER FOUNDATION HOSPITAL (KFH)-ROSEVILLE

1600 Eureka Road
Roseville, CA 95661
(916) 784-4000

The KFH-Roseville service area extends into parts of seven counties: Amador, El Dorado, Nevada, Placer, Sacramento, Sutter, and Yuba, with the highest concentration of the population residing in the Sacramento Valley.

COMMUNITY SNAPSHOT (*COUNTY-LEVEL DATA)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Total population:</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Median age:*</td>
<td>34.4</td>
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<tr>
<td>Average household income:*</td>
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<tr>
<td>Percentage living in poverty:</td>
<td>8.54%</td>
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<tr>
<td>Percentage unemployed:</td>
<td>10.39%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Percentage uninsured:</td>
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<td>12.79%</td>
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<tr>
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<tr>
<td>Other:</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>African American:</td>
<td>3.72%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Native American:</td>
<td>0.75%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

KEY STATISTICS

| Year opened:               | 1998     |
| Total licensed beds:       | 340      |
| KFH full-time equivalent personnel: | 1,677.15 |
| Inpatient days:            | 76,951   |
| KFHP members in KFH service area: | 292,675 |
| Emergency room visits:     | 84,267   |

KEY LEADERSHIP AT KFH-ROSEVILLE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Title</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sandy Sharon, RN</td>
<td>Interim Senior Vice President and Area Manager</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sandy Sharon, RN</td>
<td>Chief Operating Officer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jim Eldridge</td>
<td>Area Finance Director</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chris Palkowski, MD</td>
<td>Physician in Chief</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deborah Royer</td>
<td>Medical Group Administrator</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Richard Robinson</td>
<td>Public Affairs Director</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carol Serre</td>
<td>Community Benefit/Community Health Manager</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
KFH Roseville Medical Center Area

Sources: Kaiser Foundation Hospital/Health Plan. U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2010 TIGER/Line. Maps Produced by: the Institute for People, Place & Possibility (IP3) and the Center for Applied Research and Environmental Systems (CARES). March 2013.
THE 2010 COMMUNITY HEALTH NEEDS ASSESSMENT SUMMARY AND FINDINGS

2010 COMMUNITY HEALTH NEEDS ASSESSMENT (CHNA) SUMMARY

The 2010 CHNA, conducted by Valley Vision, was a collaboration of Kaiser Permanente’s North Valley Area, Dignity Health (Catholic Healthcare West), Sutter Health-Sacramento Sierra Region, and University of California Davis Health System. The CHNA objectives were to identify the unmet health needs of underserved residents in the Greater Sacramento region, understand the challenges these populations face when trying to maintain and/or improve their health, understand where underserved populations turn for services to maintain and/or improve their health, and understand what is needed to help them maintain and/or improve their health. The 106 zip codes in the study area spanned four counties—El Dorado (western slope), Placer (southern area), Sacramento, and Yolo—which are home to more than two million residents. To provide details on the differing health needs in the area, data were collected and analyzed at the zip code-level across the region.

To reach the study objectives, primary and secondary data were collected. Primary data included qualitative information from interviews and focus groups conducted with community members and health and public health service providers. Over the course of the study, 15 focus groups with 134 community members were conducted in various settings throughout the region. Another 12 community members were interviewed one-on-one. All focus groups were recorded and transcribed, and those conducted in languages other than English were translated. All transcriptions were analyzed for common themes and results that addressed the study objectives. Also interviewed were 20 service providers, including public health experts, county public health officers, health care and social service practitioners, physicians serving the poor and uninsured, and other members of community-based organizations that assist the underserved.

Secondary data included sociodemographic indicators collected at the zip code level (and county level when appropriate) for 2006, 2007, and 2008. The three main data sources were ER visits and hospitalization data from California Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development (OSHPD); birth and death profiles published by California Department of Public Health (CDPH); and demographic data from Thomson Reuters, Census 2000, American Community Survey 2008, and GeoLytics. For benchmarking, zip code level rates were compared to state, regional, and county rates where applicable. Geographic locations that consistently ranked in the top percentages for various conditions were identified and reported. A Community Health Vulnerability Index (CHVI) was created to identify communities (zip codes) in the region with higher vulnerability. Public health research describes a number of sociodemographic population characteristics that contribute to poorer health outcomes. Communities with higher rates of these characteristics are seen as more vulnerable or more likely to experience health issues and decreased access to care.

KEY FINDINGS FROM THE 2010 CHNA

Primary and secondary data identified four health conditions that appear to be key unmet needs in the region’s most vulnerable communities: asthma, diabetes, hypertension, and mental health. Injury was also identified as an issue. Based on a careful review of the primary and secondary data collected for the 2010 CHNA, the key findings are as follows:

Asthma:

- According to the CHVI, there was a significantly higher rate of ER visits and hospitalizations due to asthma in high-vulnerability zip codes compared to low-vulnerability zip codes in the service area.

- Many service area zip codes had high rates for hospitalizations and ER visits due to asthma. Three service area zip codes (95619, 95726, and 95742) had rates that were among the top 25% worst rates for the region.

- These three zip codes also had rates of ER visits due to asthma that far exceeded state, regional, and county rates. Their rates of hospitalizations due to asthma exceeded the region’s rate, and two (95726 and 95742) exceeded the state rate.
Diabetes:
- According to the CHVI, there was a significantly higher rate of ER visits, hospitalizations, and mortality due to diabetes in high-vulnerability zip codes compared to low-vulnerability zip codes.
- Three zip codes (95742, 95681, and 95603) ranked significantly higher than the county or state in ER visits due to diabetes.

Hypertension:
- According to the CHVI, there was a significantly higher rate of ER visits and hospitalizations due to hypertension in high-vulnerability zip codes compared to low-vulnerability zip codes.
- Two zip codes (95661 and 95663) had higher ER visits and deaths due to hypertension than the state and were in the top 25% of all zip codes for hospitalizations, ER visits, and mortality due to hypertension.
- The highest rate of death due to hypertension in the region was zip code 95661.

Mental Health:
- Mental health issues include hospitalizations and/or ER visits for dementia, psychoses, neuroses, anxiety, reactions to stress, depression disorder, drug dependence, and psychotic conditions.
- According to the CHVI, there was a significantly higher rate of hospitalizations due to mental health issues in high-vulnerability zip codes compared to low-vulnerability zip codes.
- Mental health data across the region showed that nearly 25% of zip codes exceeded the state rate for ER visits.
- Examination of service area rates for ER visits due to mental health issues showed that six zip codes (95742, 95603, 95677, 95661, 95701, and 95678) far exceeded the state rate.

Injury:
- According to the CHVI, there was a significantly higher rate of ER visits due to injury and homicide in high-vulnerability zip codes compared to low-vulnerability zip codes.
- The number-one cause of hospitalization and ER visits in all four counties is injury.

Prioritized Needs identified for the KFH-Roseville Service Area
1. Access to health insurance coverage, health care services, and health care education
2. Obesity rates—healthy eating and active living
3. Prevention of community and family violence
2013 YEAR-END RESULTS

PRIORITIZED NEED I: ACCESS TO HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE, HEALTH CARE SERVICES, AND HEALTH CARE EDUCATION

According to the Greater Sacramento Region 2010 CHNA, health care affordability was identified as the single largest obstacle to accessing care for the under- and uninsured. Singled out among the many costs within the broader field of health care was the high cost of health insurance. Focus group participants spoke of their inability to afford either public or private health insurance. Secondary data showed that within the four-county region, more than 350,000 of the two million residents live without health insurance; at 17%, this is slightly better than the state rate of 18.5%. Other challenges, obstacles, and barriers this population faces in trying to maintain and/or improve health include problems locating physicians, specialists, dentists, and mental/behavioral health professionals and other providers who accept Medi-Cal and/or work at reduced rates; difficulty navigating a complex and inefficient safety net; cultural barriers of the system; and the stress of being poor.

2013 GOALS

1. Increase the number of low-income people who enroll in or maintain health care coverage.
2. Increase access to health care services for low-income and uninsured individuals.

2013 STRATEGIES

1. Participate in KFHP/H Charitable Health Coverage Programs (STEPS and Kaiser Permanente Child Health Plan); participate in government programs (Medi-Cal and Healthy Families); and enroll individuals eligible for these products.
2. Provide charity care through the Medical Financial Assistance (MFA) program and maximize efficiencies.
3. Provide grant funding to organizations to support outreach, enrollment, and retention in subsidized health insurance programs for children and adults where possible.
4. Provide grant funding to safety-net providers to increase access to health care, including mental health services, for vulnerable populations.
5. Participate in collaborative efforts to maximize coordination of services for low-income people and increase access to providers, including coordination of referrals from the KFH-Roseville ED.
6. Execute medical service agreements (MSAs) to provide primary or specialty care for uninsured and underinsured populations.

TARGET POPULATION

Vulnerable populations who are uninsured or underinsured.

COMMUNITY PARTNERS

Community partners include Latino Leadership Council (LLC); Lighthouse Counseling and Family Resource Center (LCFRC); Keaton Raphael Memorial; KidsFirst; Powerhouse Ministries; St. Vincent de Paul Society-Roseville Area Conference, Inc. (SDVP); The Gathering Inn (TGI); The Effort, Inc.; Seniors First; community health centers and community clinics; and other community organizations serving uninsured and underinsured populations.

2013 YEAR-END RESULTS

- KFH-Roseville and KFH-Sacramento awarded a total of $99,948 to Wellspace Health and collaborated with Sutter Health on T3 (Triage, Transport and Treat), a program designed to identify frequent emergency department users and engage them in appropriate primary and preventive care. T3 aims to meet the complex medical, behavioral, and psychosocial needs of homeless high-utilizers of emergency health services. Clients voluntarily enroll in the program and, after an assessment of their baseline functioning and health needs, are assigned an intensive case manager who...
helps them gain access to health care and community resources, including housing. T3 identifies clients’ barriers to health care access and supports the ongoing connection between each client and his/her health home. Services address clients’ housing and health needs through a housing-first philosophy in which identified participants receive housing as quickly as possible to enable additional treatment strategies. In 2013, 19 active clients were enrolled.

- KFH-Roseville provided $25,000 to Powerhouse Ministries, Inc. to support Health Links, a program in Folsom and Orangevale targeting homeless and at-risk individuals who have limited access to health care services due to a scarcity of providers, especially dental and mental health providers who accept Medi-Cal. Through Health Links, case managers connect these individuals with health and social resources, including assistance in applying for health care coverage. In addition, Health Links hosts monthly clinics staffed by volunteer medical providers. During the first six months of the grant, the clinic provided 66 patient visits. In addition, 40 mental health visits, a critical service for this population, were provided.

- KFH-Roseville, KFH-Sacramento, and KFH-South Sacramento provided $60,000 to Sacramento Native American Health Center (SNAHC) to expand its capacity to assist patients in eliminating barriers to enrollment and accessing coordinated services. As part of the Patient-Centered Health Home concept, the clinic launched a member services office to help patients completed public insurance applications, to follow up on enrollment, to provide counseling on insurance issues, to update patient profiles (including registration, documentation, financial information), to assist patients with internal/external referrals and to conduct panel management. Nearly 2,500 patients were seen by member services office representatives during the first six months of the pilot; of those, 75% selected a primary care provider, a key goal of the patient-centered health home concept to help ensure continuity of care for the patient.

- KFH-Roseville continued to partner with and support TGI, a nonprofit organization offering a community-based response to the homeless population in south Placer County. In partnership with more than 60 local churches, TGI provides physical, mental, and spiritual restoration for homeless women, men, and children. TGI received a $10,000 grant from KFH-Roseville to support the Interim Care Program (ICP), which provides comprehensive wraparound services that connect clients with resources, such as substance abuse treatment, medical care, and permanent housing. Managed by TGI and based on a Sacramento County best practice, ICP is a collaboration of KFH-Roseville, Sutter Auburn Faith Hospital, Sutter Roseville Medical Center, Placer County, and Advocates for Mentally Ill Housing. TGI works with hospital case managers to provide recently discharged homeless patients with a clean, safe place to heal for up to six weeks. In 2013, 28 people participated in the ICP.

- KFH-Roseville continued its partnership with and provided $27,250 in grant funding to SVDP to support the operation of free triage and urgent care clinics. Through a unique collaboration between SDVP and TGI, two community clinics serve the community’s most at-risk individuals on a weekly basis (400 annually). Services at both clinics are delivered by an all-volunteer staff of nurses (RNs), physician’s assistants (PAs), and physicians, under the direction of TGI and SVDP. RNs register patients and check vital signs and PAs and physicians evaluate medical needs, treating only acute, self-limited disease processes and referring more complex cases.

- KFH-Roseville provided $25,000 to LLC’s Creer en tu Salud (believe in your health) promotora program. In an effort to improve health outcomes and break down cultural and linguistic barriers for adult Latino populations, Creer en tu Salud pairs Latino adults with trained promotoras who help people navigate systems and access resources by providing translation, advocacy, support, and transportation assistance. In the first six months of the grant period, LLC offered community-based health screenings in Lincoln, Auburn, and Roseville that reached 272 adults and provided flu shots for 242 community members. In addition, LLC partnered with a local FQHC (federally qualified health clinic) to establish a pilot nutrition education program. Of the 15 people who successfully completed the program (i.e., missed only one meeting), 60% lost weight, 93% changed their eating habits for themselves and their families, 67% reported better endurance with exercise and a greater commitment to it, and 33% reported more energy. Comparing pre- and post-program lab results, yielded the following: 13% showed improved blood pressure, 47% showed improvement in their lipid panels, 27% reported that their doctor said their diabetes is under control.

- KFH-Roseville provided $25,000 to Seniors First for Health Express, a program providing free transportation service to medical appointments for uninsured and underinsured seniors and indigent or disabled individuals throughout western Placer County. Health Express helps vulnerable individuals improve their health and quality of life, reduces crisis care,
and provides greater understanding of the importance of preventive care. From July 2013 through November 2013, the program provided nearly 2,000 rides to 551 unduplicated clients.

**PRIORITIZED NEED II: OBESITY RATES—HEALTHY EATING AND ACTIVE LIVING**

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) report that approximately one in four Californians is obese and more than half of all California adults are obese or overweight. Obesity increases the risk of chronic diseases, including type 2 diabetes, hypertension, asthma, cardiovascular disease, and orthopedic complications. Diet contributes to this growing epidemic, and research shows a link between access to healthy foods and the socioeconomic status of communities and neighborhoods. In 2007, California Center for Public Health Advocacy published a report detailing the Retail Food Environment Index (RFEI) for California cities and counties with an excess of 250,000 residents. The RFEI measures the total number of fast-food restaurants and convenience stores in a geographic area against the number of supermarkets and produce vendors that sell fresher foods, fruits, and vegetables. With nearly six times as many fast-food and convenience stores as supermarkets or produce vendors, Sacramento County has the second highest RFEI in the state.

**2013 GOALS**

1. Increase consumption of fresh fruits and vegetables.
2. Increase physical activity in community settings (e.g., safe walking and biking routes, parks and hiking trails, joint use agreements).
3. Increase physical activity in institutional settings (e.g., schools, after-school programs, work sites).

**2013 STRATEGIES**

1. Provide funding support to organizations that directly increase the availability of fresh fruits and vegetables in vulnerable communities.
2. Explore opportunities to participate in local policy initiatives aimed at increasing the availability and quality of fresh fruits and vegetables in vulnerable communities.
3. Consider the provision of funding to community organizations that are working to increase physical activity in vulnerable communities.
4. Participate in community advocacy efforts to bring about policy or systems changes that support increased opportunities for physical activity in vulnerable communities.
5. Provide clinical expertise to community coalitions working to increase physical activity (e.g., sports physicals, BMI tests, health education presentations).
7. Consider the provision of funding to organizations or schools that are working to increase physical activity among children and youth in institutional settings.

**TARGET POPULATION**

Placer County, Folsom, and Rancho Cordova youth, families, and communities.

**COMMUNITY PARTNERS**

Community partners include Folsom Cordova Unified School District (FCUSD), Community Resources Council, Inc. (dba Placer County Foodbank [PCFB]), Soil Born Farms Urban Agriculture & Education Project (Soil Born Farms), and other community-based organizations.
2013 YEAR-END RESULTS

- KFH-Roseville provided PCFB $27,485 for a capacity building initiative focused on its IT infrastructure. Consistent with other food banks, PCFB experienced an increase in clients over a twelve-month span. And 37% of households served had at least one or more working adult. PCFB purchased and implemented Primarius food tracking and distribution inventory management software. Prior to this, PCFB manually collected data and used a variety of electronic tools to track it. The new software is more efficient and reliable, enhancing PCFB’s productivity and its ability to serve more individuals and families.

- KFH-Roseville awarded $35,000 to FCUSD to support three programs: Creciendo Juntos (growing together), Soil Born Farms, and SPARK (Sports, Play and Active Recreation for Kids). Creciendo Juntos is a six-week summer program that provides free, nutritious lunches and snacks for students at FCUSD’s Cordova Lane Center. At six of Rancho Cordova’s eight elementary schools, more than 50% of students are eligible for free or reduced-price meals. To support better health and education outcomes for every student, Creciendo Juntos engages children and their parents in healthy eating and active living, while simultaneously strengthening relationships between FCUSD and the families it serves. The program enrolled 160 children (40 under age 5) and 80 parents into a family day camp offering SPARK activities, academic enrichment, field trips, and parent information and engagement sessions at Cordova Meadows and White Rock elementary schools. The Soil Born Farms and SPARK components linked education, activity, food, and health during the school year.

- KFH-Roseville contributed $35,000 to Soil Born Farms for Eat Your Vegies, a nutrition education program it launched to address the growing obesity epidemic and the lack of access to local, affordable, healthy food by low-income and underserved children and families. Elements include cooking demonstrations using in-season produce and distribution of recipe cards that contain nutrition information. Participants received incentives along with coupons that enable them to purchase nutritious produce at a reduced price. Presentations were held at Soil Born Farms, the only non-profit urban farm and education organization in the Sacramento Region, and reached more than 1,000 people.

- Kaiser Permanente Northern California Region provided $23,000 to FCUSD to install hydration stations, implement a mobile breakfast cart, increase support for existing walking clubs by linking them to Fire Up Your Feet, and expand the nutrition education partnership with Soil Born Farms and the Explorer Program. The seven hydration stations will impact more than 8,000 middle and high school age students. The increased support for existing walking clubs will reach more than 1,500 elementary students. FCUSD’s nutrition education partnership with Soil Born Farms will reach about 70 students at White Rock and Blanche Sprentz elementary schools.

PRIORITIZED NEED III: PREVENTION OF COMMUNITY AND FAMILY VIOLENCE

According to the 2010 CHNA for the Greater Sacramento Region, rates for child death, child abuse, youth substance abuse, and domestic violence remain high and above the state average in many zip codes. Public systems working with child abuse and domestic violence cases indicate the need for more parent education, provider training, and supportive family services. In four area counties, intentional and unintentional injury is the number-one cause of hospitalization and ER visits, and homicide is the number-four cause of ER visits. The region continues to experience a high rate of unintentional injuries among all age groups. More injury prevention information and promotion are needed to help reduce the possibility of injuries.

2013 GOAL

Increase access to violence prevention services.

2013 STRATEGIES

1. Provide grant funding to organizations focused on preventing youth violence and family violence.

2. Partner with local governments, schools, and community organizations to support evidence-based programs that focus on reducing youth and gang violence and to increase positive options for youth.
TARGET POPULATION
Children, youth, adults, and families who may be or are at risk of being involved in violence.

COMMUNITY PARTNERS
Community partners include City of Folsom Parks and Recreation Department; KidsFirst; Lighthouse Counseling and Family Resource Center (LCFRC); Placer Women’s Center, Inc. (dba Standup Placer); A Community for Peace, and other community organizations.

2013 YEAR-END RESULTS
- KFH-Roseville provided $20,000 to Standup Placer to increase client services. Standup Placer, Placer County’s only organization offering comprehensive services to victims of domestic violence and sexual assault, provides services in a culturally appropriate manner, with an emphasis on the county’s underserved, monolingual, Spanish-speaking population. During the first six months of the grant period, Standup Placer provided legal advocacy support to 169 individuals, helped to obtain temporary restraining orders for 47 individuals, and secured housing at its Safe House for 30 women and 24 children.
- KFH-Roseville provided $10,000 to City of Folsom Parks and Recreation Department to support STARS, a safe and secure community-based after-school program for at-risk students at two Title 1 elementary schools, Theodore Judah and Blanche Sprentz. STARS, a partnership between City of Folsom Parks and Recreation Department and FCUSD, serves up to 50 students each day. Principals, teachers, and/or parents seeking additional support for their children refer students to STARS, which touches the lives of more than 100 students, their siblings, and family members and changes generational family dynamics through a variety of engaging activities. The daily program includes a health and wellness greeting from each coordinator to all participants, a nutritious snack of grains and fruits/vegetables, an hour of homework, and one hour of recreation and arts enrichment. STARS also features ten field trips, including visits to the public library, Folsom Community Center for cooking lessons, Senior Arts Center, Folsom Zoo, and the Aquatic Center. From 2012 to 2013, STARS participants showed significant improvements in California Standardized Testing: English Language Arts (ELA) scores rose an average of 10 points and math scores rose seven points.
- KFH-South Sacramento, KFH-Sacramento, and KFH-Roseville provided a total of $35,000 in bridge funding to Sacramento County Office of Education to address a loss of federal funding that supported the LINKS Group Mentoring Program, a long-term mentoring experience for at-risk youth who desire to develop a relationship with a mentor who will serve as a guide/coach and help them improve their social/emotional skills and plan for life after high school. Program staff monitor participants school attendance, academic performance, and behavior/discipline to determine the extent to which they improve in these areas, thereby reducing the likelihood that these youth will be involved in violent or criminal acts. Mentor/protégé matches meet at their school site for one hour each week for 32 weeks each school year and program staff provide a mix of group and one-to-one activities during each session. In 2013, 33 mentor/protégé pairs were established at two continuation school sites. Baseline data has been collected for each protégé and will be compared to post tests at the end of the program to assess changes in behavior and school performance.
- To address a growing need for mental health support in the community, KFH-Roseville provided $53,524 and Kaiser Permanente Northern California Region provided $50,000 to agencies that provide direct services, including low-cost/no-cost counseling and classes, to help individuals and families live healthier lives.
  o KidsFirst focuses on preventing child abuse and providing health and wellness services to the Placer community. KFH-Roseville provided $25,000 to support the facilitation of information and referrals to clients seeking the following services: health coverage and CalFresh enrollment, parenting and co-parenting classes, in-home parent education, supervised visits, child and family counseling, kinship support, postpartum depression counseling, and housing and utilities assistance. From July 1, 2013 through November 30, 2013, 744 individuals received referrals and 100 children received counseling services. The target population includes victims of neglect, physical, sexual, and/or emotional abuse, domestic violence, or trauma; families exhibiting risk factors for child maltreatment; children exhibiting behavioral issues such as aggression, defiance, non-compliance, and temper tantrums; families with language barriers; and underserved racial/ethnic populations. KidsFirst therapists are trained to provide varied therapeutic modalities, including parent-child interaction therapy, cognitive behavioral therapy, trauma-focused...
cognitive behavioral therapy, play therapy, art therapy, and sand tray therapy. In addition to child therapy, KidsFirst provides therapy to parents, kinship caregivers, couples, and parents experiencing postpartum depression. Clients receive 12 to 20 weekly counseling sessions, available at KidsFirst Roseville, Auburn, and Citrus Heights Family Resource Centers.

- A $50,000 contribution from Kaiser Permanente Northern California Region enabled Kids First to increase screenings by integrating Youth Self Report into its after-school enrichment program (in addition to screening youth counseling clients); expand counseling services by providing an additional 16 weekly sessions to youths identified as needing longer-term treatment; continue strengthening partnerships with community-based agencies to increase referrals; and host at least one trauma-informed care training session for staff.

- LCFRC provides family resources, counseling, and parenting education to Lincoln and Sheridan residents. KFH-Roseville provided $28,524 to support the mental health services LCFRC provides to a geographically isolated community with limited access to such care. During the first half of the grant, 22 clients participated in a 11-week course, an additional 60 individuals participated in ongoing individual counseling, and 95% of clients surveyed acknowledged an improvement in their emotional control.
# Kaiser Foundation Hospital–Roseville

## 2013 Key Community Benefit Program Metrics

*(For more information about these and other CB programs and services, please see pages 8–16 in Chapter III.)*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Count</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Charity Care: Charitable Health Coverage Program – Kaiser Permanente Child Health Plan members</td>
<td>3,959</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medi-Cal Managed Care members</td>
<td>11,105</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Healthy Families Program members</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Health Research projects (new, continuing, completed, and/or published)</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nursing Research projects (new, continuing, completed, and/or published)</td>
<td>58</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kaiser Permanente Educational Theatre– number of performances and workshops</td>
<td>34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kaiser Permanente Educational Theatre– number of attendees (students and adults)</td>
<td>9,781</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Graduate Medical Education – number of affiliated and independent residents</td>
<td>59</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nurse practitioner and other nursing training and education beneficiaries</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other health professional training and education (non-MD) beneficiaries</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Summer Youth and/or INROADS programs participants</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of 2013 grants and donations made at the local and regional levels¹</td>
<td>117</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

¹The vast majority of regional grants impact three or more local hospitals. As such, a single regional grant may be included in the “Number of 2013 grants and donations” count for multiple hospitals.
Table 2

Kaiser Foundation Hospital-Roseville

Community Benefit Resources Provided in 2013

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Medical Care Services for Vulnerable Populations</th>
<th>2013 Totals</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Medi-Cal shortfall(^1)</td>
<td>$10,109,762</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Healthy Families(^2)</td>
<td>536,848</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Charity care: Charitable Health Coverage programs(^3)</td>
<td>2,579,294</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Charity care: Medical Financial Assistance Program(^4)</td>
<td>4,901,333</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grants and donations for medical services(^5)</td>
<td>2,436,021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Subtotal</strong></td>
<td><strong>$20,563,258</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Other Benefits for Vulnerable Populations</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Summer Youth and INROADS programs(^6)</td>
<td>$44,815</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grants and donations for community-based programs(^7)</td>
<td>1,193,313</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Community Benefit administration and operations(^8)</td>
<td>783,029</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Subtotal</strong></td>
<td><strong>$2,021,157</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Benefits for the Broader Community(^9)</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Community health education and promotion programs</td>
<td>$11,401</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kaiser Permanente Educational Theatre</td>
<td>97,192</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Facility, supplies, and equipment (in-kind donations)(^10)</td>
<td>6,396</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Community Giving Campaign administrative expenses</td>
<td>55,071</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grants and donations for the broader community(^11)</td>
<td>179,457</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>National board of directors fund</td>
<td>39,711</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Subtotal</strong></td>
<td><strong>$389,228</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Health Research, Education, and Training</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Graduate Medical Education</td>
<td>$530,498</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-MD provider education and training programs(^12)</td>
<td>456,155</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grants and donations for the education of health care professionals(^13)</td>
<td>15,476</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Health research</td>
<td>591,321</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Subtotal</strong></td>
<td><strong>$1,593,451</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Total Community Benefits Provided</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Community Benefits Provided</strong></td>
<td><strong>$24,567,093</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
ENDNOTES

1. Amount includes unreimbursed inpatient expenditures for Medi-Cal Managed Care members and Medi-Cal Fee-for-Service beneficiaries.

2. Amount includes unreimbursed inpatient expenditures for Healthy Families members.

3. Amount includes unreimbursed inpatient expenditures for the Kaiser Permanente Child Health Plan subsidy.

4. Amount includes unreimbursed care provided at this facility to patients who qualify for the Medical Financial Assistance and Indigent Care programs.

5. Figures reported in this section for grants and donations for medical services consist of charitable contributions to community clinics and other safety-net providers; community health partnerships and collaboratives; community health care coverage enrollment efforts; and special Request for Proposals to support specific health issues such as HIV/AIDS, childhood obesity, asthma, etc. The amount reported reflects hospital-specific, unreimbursed expenditures. When hospital-specific expenditures were not available, dollars were allocated to each hospital based on the percentage of Health Plan members.

6. Figures reported in this section are hospital-specific, unreimbursed expenditures. When hospital-specific expenditures were not available, dollars were allocated to each hospital based on the percentage of Health Plan members, or a related denominator such as the number of Summer Youth students hired.

7. Figures reported in this section for grants and donations for community-based programs consist of charitable contributions made to external nonprofit organizations for a variety of programs and services that address the nonhealth needs of vulnerable populations. The amount reflects hospital-specific, unreimbursed expenditures. When hospital-specific expenditures were not available, dollars were allocated to each hospital based on the percentage of Health Plan members.

8. The amount reflects the costs related to providing a dedicated community benefit department and related operational expenses.

9. Figures reported in this section are hospital-specific, unreimbursed expenditures. When hospital-specific expenditures were not available, dollars were allocated to each hospital based on the percentage of Health Plan members, or a number of related denominators such as the number of Kaiser Permanente Educational Theatre performances or health education programs.

10. Amount represents the estimated value of donated surplus office and medical supplies, equipment and furniture, promotional items and giveaways, in-kind services such as printing, mailings, multimedia production, etc., and conference and meeting room usage, as recorded in the MicroEdge GIFTS database.

11. Figures reported in this section for grants and donations for the broader community consist of charitable contributions made to external nonprofit organizations to educate health care consumers in managing their own health and making informed decisions when obtaining services; and to develop, produce, or communicate health care–related public policy information for a variety of programs and services aimed at general well-being of the community. The amount reflects hospital-specific, unreimbursed expenditures. When hospital-specific expenditures were not available, dollars were allocated to each hospital based on the percentage of Health Plan members.

12. Amount reflects the net expenditures after tuition reimbursement for health professional education and training programs.

13. Figures reported in this section for grants and donations for the education of health care professionals consist of charitable contributions made to external nonprofit organizations, colleges, and universities to support the training and education of students seeking to become health care professionals such as physicians, nurses, physical therapists, social workers, pharmacists, etc. The amount reflects hospital-specific, unreimbursed expenditures. When hospital-specific expenditures were not available, dollars were allocated to each hospital based on the percentage of Health Plan members.
THE 2013 COMMUNITY HEALTH NEEDS ASSESSMENT SUMMARY AND FINDINGS

2013 COMMUNITY HEALTH NEEDS ASSESSMENT SUMMARY

The KFH-Roseville 2013 Community Health Needs Assessment (CHNA) is posted on the internet at www.kp.org/chna (the Kaiser Permanente Share Site). A detailed explanation of the CHNA process is included in the introductory section (Chapter IV) of the full SB 697 report.

LIST OF COMMUNITY HEALTH NEEDS IDENTIFIED IN THE CHNA REPORT FOR THE KFH-ROSEVILLE SERVICE AREA

The list below summarizes the health needs identified for the KFH-Roseville service area through the 2013 CHNA process:

- Limited access to primary and preventive care
- Limited and/or no access to dental care
- Limited access to specialty care
- Lack of health literacy
- Lack of basic food security and inaccessibility of healthy foods
- Limited access to medications
- Limited access to mental health care services
- Difficulty coping with aging issues
- Shifting economic status (from middle to lower income)
- Lack of cultural literacy
- Lack of walkable streets and neighborhoods; sedentary lifestyles
- Limited access to recreational opportunities

HEALTH NEEDS THAT KFH-ROSEVILLE PLANS TO ADDRESS

1. ACCESS TO CARE

Limited access to primary and preventive care, limited access to specialty care, limited access to medications, and lack of cultural literacy have been combined into one overarching health need, Access to Care. Increasing access to appropriate and effective health care services addresses a wide range of specific health needs. Achieving the goal of increased access to care requires reducing barriers to preventive screening, primary care, and specialty care by deploying a wide range of strategies encompassing programs, outreach, training, and policies. Access to comprehensive, quality, culturally competent health care services is important for the achievement of health equity and for its impact on obtaining timely, effective treatment and the prevention of poor health outcomes. Access to specialty care is important to reduce the burden of chronic conditions.

2. HEALTHY EATING ACTIVE LIVING

Lack of basic food security and inaccessibility of healthy foods, lack of walkable streets and neighborhoods/sedentary lifestyles, and limited access to recreational activity (shortened to Healthy eating/Active living) are health needs that make it difficult for area residents to avoid issues of obesity and related health outcomes. The importance of addressing both the nutritional and physical environment that surround individual decision-making and promote healthful behaviors is recognized as an important obesity prevention strategy.
3. **LIMITED ACCESS TO MENTAL HEALTH CARE SERVICES**

   Many behavioral health problems can be prevented and effectively treated by early detection, assessment, and links to services. Insufficient access to behavioral health services creates significant negative health outcomes.

4. **BROADER HEALTH CARE SYSTEM NEEDS IN OUR COMMUNITIES**

   Kaiser Foundation Hospitals, which includes 37 licensed hospital facilities as of 2013, has identified a number of significant needs in addition to those identified above through the CHNA process that we are committed to addressing as part of an integrated health care delivery system. These needs, which are manifest in each of the communities we serve, include 1) health care workforce shortages and the need to increase linguistic and cultural diversity in the health care workforce and 2) access to and availability of robust public health and clinical care data and research.

   Supporting a well-trained, culturally competent, and diverse health care workforce helps ensure access to high-quality care. This activity is also essential to making progress in the reduction of health care disparities that persist in most of our communities. Individuals trained through these workforce training programs are able to seek employment with Kaiser Permanente entities or other health care providers in our communities.

   Deploying a wide range of research methods contributes to building general knowledge for improving health and health care services, including clinical research, health care services research, and epidemiological and translational studies on health care that are generalizable and broadly shared. Conducting high-quality health research and disseminating findings from it increases awareness of the changing health needs of diverse communities, addresses health disparities, and improves effective health care delivery and health outcomes.
2014-2016 COMMUNITY BENEFIT PLAN

The goals, strategies, and outcomes listed below address health needs identified during the 2013 CHNA. All KFH hospitals carefully considered the evidence-base when determining which goals and strategies would be most effective in addressing each need. KFH-Roseville anticipates that successful implementation of the identified strategies will result in or contribute toward a set of expected outcomes that can help support overall improvement of the priority health need in the community. All KFH hospitals will annually assess progress towards their planned strategies and outcomes and adjust their plans and expected outcomes as needed. For more information on how goals, strategies, and outcomes were identified, see the section titled “Community Plan Development” in Chapter IV.

PRIORITY HEALTH NEED I: ACCESS TO CARE

LONG-TERM GOAL

- Increase number of individuals who have access to and receive appropriate health care services in the KFH-Roseville service area

INTERMEDIATE GOALS

- Increase the number of low-income people who enroll in or maintain health care coverage
- Increase access to culturally competent, high-quality health care services for low-income, uninsured individuals

STRATEGIES

- Participate in Medi-Cal Managed Care, the state’s Medicaid Program, to provide comprehensive inpatient and outpatient care to Medi-Cal Managed Care members in California
- Participate in Medi-Cal Fee for Service which provides subsidized health care on a fee-for-service basis for Medi-Cal beneficiaries not enrolled as KFHP members
- Provide Medical Financial Assistance (MFA), which assists patients in need by subsidizing all or a portion of their Kaiser Permanente medical expenses for a period of time. Eligibility is based on prescribed levels of income, expenses, and assets
- Provide subsidized health care coverage that provides comprehensive benefits to children (birth through 18) in families with income up to 300% FPL who lack access to employer-subsidized coverage and do not qualify for public programs because of immigration status or family income.
- Provide financial support (via grants) to local organizations (federally qualified health centers [FQHCs] and local community health centers) to continue to provide clinical care for low-income area residents
- Provide grant funding to support patient navigators/community health workers who provide culturally sensitive assistance and care coordination to guide patients through available medical, insurance, and social support systems
- Participate in collaborative efforts with other area health systems and foundations that seek to address access to culturally competent, high-quality health care services

EXPECTED OUTCOMES

- Increased enrollment in Medi-Cal Managed Care
- Increased number of eligible individuals enrolled in Kaiser Permanente’s subsidized care products
- MFA offered to area residents not eligible for other government health care programs
- Improvements are made to patient care, service delivery, care coordination, and/or clinic administration for FQHCs and community health centers that serve low income area residents
• Increased access to care for community members often marginalized from medical, insurance, and social support systems due to cultural or social influences
• Increased coordinated efforts aimed at improving access to culturally competent, high-quality health care

PRIORITY HEALTH NEED II: HEALTHY EATING, ACTIVE LIVING

LONG TERM GOAL
• Reduce obesity among at-risk populations in the KFH-Roseville service area

INTERMEDIATE GOAL
• Increase healthy eating and physical activity among vulnerable populations with a focus on communities of concern

STRATEGIES
• Implement Thriving Schools, a national initiative of Kaiser Permanente that targets resources to schools in low-income neighborhoods to improve the health and wellness of students and employees through improved nutrition, increased physical activity, and access to health care
• Provide Kaiser Permanente Educational Theatre (KPET), a free theater program designed with the advice of teachers, students, medical professionals, parents and actors, to disseminate health education and inspire children, teens, and adults to make healthier choices and better decisions about their well-being.
• Serve as a partner on Coordinated School Health Program (CSHP) committees for local schools to develop school nutrition and physical activity policies and serve as a resource to school sites for implementing those policies
• Grant funding to support facilitation and development of sustainable practices that provide education and increase access to healthy foods and physical activity in schools and community-based settings that reach a broad sector of the community

EXPECTED OUTCOMES
• Increased healthy eating in school-aged children
• Increased physical activity in school-aged children
• Increased awareness of healthy eating
• Increased awareness of physical activity
• Increased progress towards new/enhanced policies that promote health and wellness in K-12 school environment
• Increased access to healthy foods and physical activity in vulnerable communities

PRIORITY HEALTH NEED III: LIMITED ACCESS TO MENTAL HEALTH CARE SERVICES

LONG TERM GOAL
• Improve mental health and behavioral health among high-risk populations in the KFH-Roseville service area

INTERMEDIATE GOALS
• Increase access to mental health care services to improve the management of mental health symptoms among high-risk populations (e.g., the uninsured and underinsured, residents engaging in unsafe behavior, etc.)
• Decrease risks for mental, emotional, and behavioral disorders among people at risk for engaging in unsafe behaviors
STRATEGIES

- Grant funding to organizations promoting multicomponent health care system-level interventions to link primary care providers, patients, and mental health specialists serving low-income, high-risk populations
- Grant funding for programs that increase access to ongoing mental health treatment services, such as transportation and no or low-cost service providers, for low-income, at-risk individuals
- Grant funding for programs providing housing and/or social services to low-income, at-risk patients
- Participate in collaborative efforts that seek to address access to mental health and behavioral health services
- Grant funding for preventive programs that aim to reduce the risks of mental illness related to violence

EXPECTED OUTCOMES

- Increased access to/participation in preventive mental health services
- Increased coordinated efforts aimed at improving access to mental health services for area residents
- Increased awareness of mental health illness and wellness for at-risk youth exposed to violence and their families

PRIORITY HEALTH NEED IV: BROADER HEALTH CARE SYSTEM NEEDS IN OUR COMMUNITIES – WORKFORCE

LONG-TERM GOAL

- Address health care workforce shortages and cultural and linguistic disparities in the health care workforce

INTERMEDIATE GOAL

- Increase the number of skilled, culturally competent, diverse professionals working in and entering the health care workforce to provide access to quality, culturally relevant care

STRATEGIES

- Implement health care workforce pipeline programs to introduce diverse, underrepresented school-age youth and college students to health careers
- Provide workforce training programs to equip current and future health care providers with the skills, linguistic, and cultural competence to meet the health care needs of diverse communities
- Disseminate knowledge to educational and community partners to inform curricula, training, and health career ladder/pipeline programs
- Leverage CB-funded programs to develop strategies to increase access to allied health, clinical training, and residency programs for linguistically and culturally diverse candidates
- Increase capacity in allied health, clinical training, and residency programs to address health care workforce shortages through the provision of clinical training and residency programs
- Leverage Kaiser Permanente resources to support organizations and research institutions to collect, standardize, and improve access to workforce data to enhance planning and coordination of workforce training and residency training programs

EXPECTED OUTCOMES

- Increased number of diverse youth entering health care workforce educational and training programs and health careers
- Increased number of culturally and linguistically competent and skilled providers
- Increased awareness among academia of what is required to adequately train current and future allied health, clinical, and physician residents on how to address the health care needs of our diverse communities
• Increased participation of diverse professionals in allied health, clinical training, and residency programs
• Improved access to relevant workforce data to inform health care workforce planning and academic curricula

PRIORITY HEALTH NEED V: BROADER HEALTH CARE SYSTEM NEEDS IN OUR COMMUNITIES – RESEARCH

LONG-TERM GOAL
• Increase awareness of the changing health needs of diverse communities

INTERMEDIATE GOAL
• Increase access to and availability of relevant public health and clinical care data and research

STRATEGIES
• Disseminate knowledge and expertise to providers to increase awareness of the changing health needs of diverse communities to improve health outcomes and care delivery models
• Translate clinical data and practices to disseminate findings to safety net providers to increase quality in care delivery and to improve health outcomes
• Conduct, publish, and disseminate high-quality health services research to the broader community to address health disparities and to improve effective health care delivery and health outcomes
• Leverage Kaiser Permanente resources to support organizations and research institutions to collect, analyze, and publish data to inform public and clinical health policy, organizational practices, and community health interventions to improve health outcomes and to address health disparities

EXPECTED OUTCOMES
• Improved health care delivery in community clinics and public hospitals
• Improved health outcomes in diverse populations disproportionately impacted by health disparities
• Increased availability of research and publications to inform clinical practices and guidelines